

## The Unesco Convention On The Diversity Of Cultural Expressions A Tale Of Fragmentation In International Law

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Text of the Convention for the Safeguarding of the Intangible Cultural Heritage. The General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization hereinafter referred to as UNESCO, meeting in Paris, from 29 September to 17 October 2003, at its 32nd session, Referring to existing international human rights instruments, in particular to the Universal Declaration on Human Rights of 1948, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights of 1966 ...

**UNESCO - Text of the Convention for the Safeguarding of ...**

The UNESCO 1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property is an international treaty. The treaty, signed to combat the illegal trade in cultural items, was signed on 14 November 1970, and came into effect on 24 April 1972. As of May 2020, 140 states have ratified the treaty.

**UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and ...**

What the Convention contains The Convention defines the kind of natural or cultural sites which can be considered for inscription on the World Heritage List. The Convention sets out the duties of States Parties in identifying potential sites and their role in protecting and preserving them. By signing the Convention, each country pledges to conserve not only the World Heritage sites situated on its territory, but also to protect its national heritage.

**UNESCO World Heritage Centre - The World Heritage Convention**

The 2005 Convention aims to support: National policies and measures promote creation, production, distribution and access with regard to diverse cultural goods and services and contribute to informed, transparent and participatory systems of governance for culture.

**The Convention on the Protection and Promotion of ... - UNESCO**

The World Heritage Committee shall receive and study requests for international assistance formulated by States Parties to this Convention with respect to property forming part of the cultural or natural heritage, situated in their territories, and included or potentially suitable for inclusion in the lists mentioned referred to in paragraphs 2 and 4 of Article 11.

**UNESCO World Heritage Centre - Convention Concerning the ...**

For the purposes of this Convention, the term `cultural property' means property which, on religious or secular grounds, is specifically designated by each State as being of importance for archaeology, prehistory, history, literature, art or science and which belongs to the following categories:

**Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and ... - UNESCO**

A dopted in November 2019 by the 40th session of UNESCO General Conference, Global Convention is the first United Nations treaty on higher education with a global scope. The Convention is designed to facilitate international academic mobility and promote the right of individuals to have their higher education qualifications evaluated through fair, transparent and non-discriminatory mechanisms.

**Global Convention on the Recognition of ... - UNESCO**

The 1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property urges States Parties to take measures to prohibit and prevent the illicit trafficking of cultural property. It provides a common framework for the States Parties on the measures to be taken to prohibit and prevent the import, export and transfer of cultural property.

**Convention 1970 against Illicit Trafficking - UNESCO**

Adopted in 2003 after 60 years of work in this domain, the Convention is the international community's first binding multilateral instrument intended to safeguard and raise the profile of this heritage. Its goal is to incite countries to care about and look after the ICH present on their territories.

**2003 Convention for the Safeguarding of the ... - UNESCO**

Since its founding, UNESCO has been developing benchmark legal instruments, including the 1970 Convention - the culmination of a long process of reflection on the fight against the illicit traffic of cultural property. It is a collective duty to act against the illicit trafficking of cultural property and to protect cultural heritage.

**Fight Illicit Trafficking of Cultural Property - UNESCO**

• The 2001 Convention is increasingly becoming established as the principal framework for international law for underwater archaeology. Should the government choose to move towards ratification, consultation with those members of the maritime community who are concerned about its potential impact on their activities could usefully seek to identify and address any remaining substantiated concerns.

**UNESCO Convention on the Protection of Underwater Cultural ...**

The UNESCO Convention on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage, adopted in 2001, is intended to enable States to better protect their submerged cultural heritage. Information Brochure on the 2001 Convention (PDF) Frequently Asked Questions (PDF) Learn about the Convention

**The 2001 Convention - UNESCO**

The Convention for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict was adopted at The Hague (Netherlands) in 1954 in the wake of massive destruction of cultural heritage during the Second World War. It is the first international treaty with a world-wide vocation focusing exclusively on the protection of cultural heritage in the event of armed conflict.

**1954 Hague Convention - UNESCO**

Entered into force on 1 February 2007 – becoming the most successful convention in the history of UNESCO in terms of the rhythm of ratification after adoption – the Anti-Doping Convention is now the second most ratified of all UNESCO treaties, with 189 States Parties.

**International Convention against Doping in Sport - UNESCO**

CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL AND NATURAL HERITAGE The General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization meeting in Paris from 17 October to 21 November 1972, at its seventeenth session,

**CONVENTION CONCERNING THE PROTECTION OF THE WORLD CULTURAL ...**

Under the International Fund for Cultural Diversity (IFCD), established in the framework of the UNESCO 2005 Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions, support is provided on a regular basis to developing countries, including non-governmental organisations, for projects in the fields of cultural policies and cultural industries.

**The UNESCO Cultural Conventions: a tool for sustainable ...**

UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property 1970. 14 November 1970 – Paris, France. Download the #Convention .

**UNESCO Convention on the Means of Prohibiting the Illicit ...**

UNESCO 1970 Convention on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property This legislation from United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) is a multilateral international agreement dedicated to fighting the illicit trafficking of cultural property.